

THE STAR GROCERY

Popular
Low
Price
Grocery.

Popular because of low prices and good groceries; a guarantee of satisfaction or money refunded; the largest and best retail Grocery house in the city.

19 lbs Finest Granulated Sugar...	\$1 00
Arbuckle's Coffee, package...	22
Choice Potatoes, per bushel...	55
Potted Ham or Tongue...	60
100 lbs White Lard Flour...	1 55
100 lbs Topkay Patent...	1 55
100 lbs Lister Patent...	1 55
100 lbs Big 4...	1 55
100 lbs Crosby Best...	1 55
3 lbs Evaporated Apricots...	25
3 cans New Raisins...	25
3 cans New Tomatoes...	25
3 cans New Corn...	25
Soda Crackers, per pound by box...	05
Best Ginger Snaps, per pound...	05
2 cans California Table Peaches...	25
1 can California Table Apricots...	10
2 cans California Table Pears...	25
1 can California Table Green Gages...	10
1 can California Table Gold Drop...	10
1 can California Table White Cherries...	15
1 can California Table Black Cherries...	15
100 lbs Shawnee Fancy Flour...	1 30
100 lbs Buffalo Fancy Flour...	1 30
100 lbs Golden Rod Flour...	1 30
100 lbs Crosby Natl Flour...	1 30
7 bars White Russian Soap...	25
6 bars French Laundry Soap...	25
6 bars Ivory Soap...	25
2 sacks Salt...	5
6 packages Scotch Oats...	45
4 packages Cleaned Currants...	25

California Canned and Evaporated Fruits, Eastern Canned Fruits and Vegetables. A trial order will convince anyone that we are selling CHEAPER than any grocery House in the city.

J. S. SPROAT,
The Star Grocer

Tele. 252.

112 EAST 6TH ST.

SUGAR BOUNTY CASE.

Arguments Began in Mandamus Proceedings Against Secretary Carlisle.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—In the mandamus proceedings instituted against Secretary Carlisle General Brent maintained that the title and right to bounty is based on the inspection by the officers of the internal revenue bureau, and that the bounty was payable for five years from July 1, 1891, by law. The company had been duly licensed and had given a bond for \$250,000 and was entitled during the period referred to, to a protection of its interests and rights. The company did not claim that the law granting a bounty could not be repealed, but they asserted that it had not been repealed. Independent of the payment of the bounty, the company had the right to show that it had earned it. That could only be done through an inspection of its work, and when the government licensed the company, it agreed to give it a certificate of the commissioners of internal revenue that the company was entitled to the bounty. The company did not ask the court to compel the secretary of the treasury to pay it the bounty, but merely to compel an inspection. The company was licensed when the McKinley law was in force, and the act made a permanent and continuing appropriation to pay the bounty and just claim on the government.

Assistant Attorney General Whitney, arguing in behalf of the secretary, asserted the court had no authority to mandamus the secretary, as the action asked was purely discretionary. In but three instances had writs of mandamus from the court issued and those were in cases where the duties to be performed were ministerial and not discretionary. The contention of the Miles company was not that the secretary should pay the bounty, but that the inspection should be made. This, he asserted, was in order the company could have grounds on which to go before Congress and ask for an appropriation for this year, and the courts could not be invoked for this purpose.

SHOWS CHINA'S WEAKNESS

Her Offer to the Powers So Contrasted by Japanese Officials.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—In Japanese official circles here the cable reports that China has asked England, France and Russia to send troops and vessels to China to protect their respective interests, are construed to be a public confession on China's part of the panic and demoralization of her people and her inability to afford the usual protection to foreigners.

The Chinese officials here attach little importance to the request to foreign powers, as they say it is a usual thing at this time of great international disturbance.

Neither legation has received any information from their governments regarding the matter.

The State Journal's Want and Miscellaneous columns reach each working day in the week more than twice as many Topeka people as can be reached through any other paper. This is a fact.

INDIANS COUNTED.

A Census Bulletin of the Five Civilized Tribes.

Chickasaws Lead With 57,000, Cherokees Come Next.

ALL NUMBER 178,097.

None of Them Taxed and They Govern Themselves.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—A comprehensive and interesting bulletin, published in book form and profusely illustrated, was issued by the census office, covering in detail every subject of general interest connected with the five civilized tribes of the Indian territory, the Chickasaws, Cherokees, Choctaws, Creeks and Seminoles. Their aggregate population is 178,097. Of this number 57,000 are Chickasaws, the Cherokees come next with a population of 43,000; the Choctaws have a population of 27,000; the Creeks 17,000 and the Seminoles, 2,700. In each tribe the males are the preponderating element. The tribes occupy an area of country amounting to nearly 26,000,000 acres. All these Indians are not taxed and not under the control of the Indian office, but are carried on its rolls.

"Much opposition was shown to the census," says the bulletin. "The Creek and Seminole authorities aided, however, by legislative action. They urged the residents to give information to the enumerators, but meetings were held to resist them. The condition of the five tribes is that of a self-sustaining, fairly prosperous and law-abiding people. They live in a land without assessment taxes." The term "civilized" was originally applied to them in contradistinction to the life of the wild Indian tribes, but as a whole their civilization is not that of the civilization of the Anglo-Saxon. The majority are quarter and half breeds, and have the features of the white man.

Their system of government is modeled on that of the United States. They have governors, or principle chiefs, elective legislators, elective courts and officers and police. They have schools of their own, and churches and churches in profusion. Their school books are in English. Newspapers are numerous and post-offices plentiful. Their civilization has not been accomplished without a vast expenditure of time and money by the white people. No Indians in the United States have received such care from the whites, or have been aided so much by the United States.

Much of the progress of the "so-called" civilized tribes is stated to be due to a large negro population. These negroes, once slaves, are now the laborers of the white tribes. They are fairly well advanced and steadily increasing in numbers, wealth and intelligence. The Creek nation is an alert and active one, which, says the bulletin, is largely due to the negro element, which controls it. No dissident spirits are supposed to be sold in the territory of the five tribes. A villainous moonshine whiskey distilled in the Ozark mountains, Arkansas, and known as "White Mule" is smuggled into the territory. It is said to be the cause of one-half the crimes. Crimes committed by the citizens of the five tribes are promptly punished.

By the treaty of 1866, the Indian courts alone punish Indian criminals. When an Indian is condemned to death, the execution is by shooting and he is given a period—thirty days usually—in which to make and arrange his personal affairs. He goes without guard or control, arranges all his earthly matters, bids his friends good-bye, returns at the time appointed and is promptly shot. Not one of the many so permitted to go home after conviction, up to 1890, has failed to appear for execution.

Nine lines of railway traverse the territory, with a total mileage of 1,046 miles. The trust funds arising from sales of land under treaties with the United States to the credit of the nation amount to \$8,000,000, and the annual interest upon this is \$414,000. This sum, received from the United States each year, together with fees from licenses and permits enables the several tribes to exist without levying a tax upon their own people.

M'KINLEY IN NEBRASKA.

Addresses Fifteen Thousand People at Lincoln—Big Crowd at Omaha.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 5.—At Lincoln was the biggest meeting of the kind ever held in the city, and estimates of the enormous audience to which Governor McKinley spoke from the platform erected in front of the Lincoln hotel ranged as high as 15,000.

A number of men came from Auburn, Nebraska City, Syracuse, Hickman and other places on horseback. There was a long parade, and which Governor McKinley was incorporated, composed of clubs, college students, industrial exhibits, etc., and it was more than an hour after the arrival of the special train when the governor began his address. Governor Cronquist presided, introducing Governor McKinley to the audience.

The governor was taken to a club of business men after the speech and met the members, taking the train for Omaha at about half past 5 o'clock. He was escorted there by a reception committee, and on arrival was hurried to the Coliseum, where a crowd of 12,000 people awaited him.

Interesting Discovery in Mexico.

OAXACA, Oct. 5.—Antonio Cereveas, a noted scientist, has just reached here from the state of Tabasco, where he has discovered some of the most interesting ruins yet found in Mexico, while exploring a wild and wooded district in the valley of the San Pedro river. In that state he came upon an ancient, deserted village, which is surrounded by eighteen pyramids. These pyramids are thirty meters high and are constructed of brick and stone.

Attend the Unclaimed Freight Sale at Santa Fe depot Thursday and Friday, Oct. 11th and 12th.

PLACE YOUR EYE UPON THIS!

The Greatest of all Offerings for Saturday

and tell us if you ever had the chance to buy dry goods at such Figures. The People who recognize Genuine Bargains Will Come Our Way TOMORROW.

Two thousand yards of Henriettas, Serges, Plaids and fancy dress goods, in handsome effects. Sold by us and every one else at 20 cents a yard.

Saturday Only 12½ cts.
No such bargain has ever been offered here.

Thousands of yards of the very best American Indigo Blue Prints, every yard guaranteed and the patterns are the choicest. For

Saturday Only 4½ cts.

Men's Dark Outing Flannel over Shirts, large, full cut and well made, worth 40 and 50 cents, will be

29 cents
in the Clothing Department.

Ribbons
Almost Given Away.

8000 yards No. 5 and 7, all silk, gros-grain, satin edge ribbons, all the best colors

Saturday 5 cents a yard

2000 yards No. 9 and 12, all silk gros-grain, satin edge ribbon, all good colors

Saturday 8½ cts a yard.
There'll be no more at this price after this lot is sold.

Boys and Girls Blue Cloth Stanley Bicycle and Yacht Caps worth 50 cents,

Saturday 23 cents.
Clothing Department.

We wish also to make the interesting announcement that we have just received over 500 Ladies' Misses and Children's Cloaks and Capes of this lot. There are no two just alike. Every one of these garments is of the very latest style and we place them on sale for the first time Tomorrow. We will make prices on these to suit the times and conditions and purchasers of these cloaks will have the assurance of exclusiveness in design and trimming.



BISHOP MATZ ON A. P. A.

He Severely Denounces the Organization in His October Pastoral.

DEVER, Col., Oct. 5.—In his October pastoral Bishop Matz says the church in Colorado is passing through an appalling crisis. "It is," he says, "sectarian bigotry, which led on by a set of fanatics, bids fair to outdo the followers of Cromwell and the maniacs of the French Commune. It is a fact which has called forth the amazement of the most remarkable men of our time, that an age like ours, and a country over which floats the American flag, should have fostered this A. P. A. monster, which, while it carries the constitution of the United States in one hand and the bible in the other, would fain strangle with its deadly fangs the church whose children fought so bravely under the stars and stripes against tyranny and oppression. But the fact, nevertheless, remains, and is, indeed, more strange than fiction."

The bishop urges Catholics to vote for men who are above prejudice, party passions and sectarian bias.

SAYS IT'S BLACKMAIL.

T. R. Hazard So Characterizes the Charges Which Led to His Arrest.

PLYMOUTH, N. H., Oct. 5.—The recently published news from Wichita, Kan., that T. R. Hazard, president of the Bank of Sedgewick City, Kan., had been arrested at Plymouth, N. H., was a surprise to Plymouth people. In speaking of the charges against him Mr. Hazard said:

"It is plainly a case of blackmail. The party who brings the charges against me is entirely irresponsible. I shall await the arrival of officers from Wichita and upon the necessary requisition papers being made, shall return with them and face the battle. I am innocent and can prove it on my return."

Campaign in Indiana Opened.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., Oct. 5.—The Democrats opened the campaign in this city yesterday, with a barbecue, ten head of cattle being roasted. The crowd numbered from 30,000 to 40,000 people. The speakers of the day were Governor Matthews, Senators Voorhees and Turpie and Congressman Martin and Cooper.

Crusade Against Living Pictures.

CHICAGO, Oct. 5.—The Women's Christian Temperance Union has entered upon a crusade against objectionable theatrical bill boards and the exposure before the footlights of scantily clothed women. Counsel has been employed and a crusade against living pictures will be begun.

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A HORRIBLE SIGHT.

A Man Electrocuted in Boston in the Presence of Hundreds of People.

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—A horrible case of electrocution was witnessed by hundreds of people yesterday. Charles E. Day, a lamp trimmer in the employ of the Boston Electric Light company, was cleaning a lamp, and had hitched himself to the top of the pole, when attention was called to him by a faint cry. Day was then seen to be helpless and unconscious. In a few seconds he was limp, and a blue flame was emitting from his eyes, nose, mouth and ears. Two bystanders received severe shocks in trying to extricate Day from the wires. A. J. Humen started up the pole and touched Day's body, when he received a shock and fell thirty feet to the ground, fracturing his skull. He died shortly afterwards.

BRIEFS BY WIRE.

General Ezeta has reached the City of Mexico. He says that he will make that country his home and become a coffee planter.

In Saratoga the Second congressional district Republican convention reached the 29th ballot with the usual deadlock results, then took a recess.

In San Francisco Mrs. Ethel Stockwell, better known as Miss Ethel Brandon, the actress, has been awarded a divorce from L. R. Stockwell, the actor, on the ground of extreme cruelty.

In Evansville, Ind., Superintendent of Police Cobey received a telegram from Elliston Ind., on the Evansville and Richmond railway stating that the banks there had been robbed last night of \$5,000.

Forty residents of Nora and Rush, Ill., were poisoned by eating pressed chicken at a social gathering. Some of the party were rendered unconscious shortly after partaking of the supper and were not aroused for several hours. The recovery of one of the sick ones is doubtful.

In Davenport, Iowa, on petition of his wife, Mary A. Thompson, the district court has appointed Joseph R. Lane temporary guardian of James Thompson. This case attracts attention from the fact that James Thompson has for several years been regarded as one of the richest men in Iowa.

Eyers Declares Insane.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 5.—Ebenzer M. Byers, the wealthy iron merchant of Pittsburgh, was yesterday declared a lunatic. His wife, who has spent the last two years searching for and trying to regain possession of her husband whom she alleged was being kept from her by his brother, A. M. Byers, asked for the inquest into her husband's sanity.

Prescott & Co. have removed to No. 118 West Eighth street.

W. W. Manspeaker Mer. Co.

THE LARGEST GROCERY HOUSE IN KANSAS.

Will continue our Granulated Sugar and California Canned Goods Sale One Week Longer.

20 lbs GRANULATED SUGAR	\$1.00
Apricots, per can	.12½
Peaches, per can	.12½
Egg Plums, per can	.12½
Gage Plums, per can	.12½
Pears, per can	.15

WE ARE

Always
Persistently,
Continuously,
Everlastingly
Trying to Please.

WE WILL

Gladly,
Politely,
Carefully,
Promptly,
Attend to all orders.

SEND US ONE.

FIREMAN LOST HIS LIFE.

Six Other Firemen Are in the Ruins of a Fire in Detroit.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 5.—Fire broke out in Keenan and Johns' furniture house at 7:30 o'clock today which is now under control. Keenan and Johns' loss will reach \$60,000, insured for \$50,000. Loss on buildings owned by Traugott Schmidt estimated at \$20,000 fully insured.

One fireman has been taken out dead and three seriously injured. Six other firemen were in the ruins at 9:30 and a desperate effort was being made by a large force of men to get them out.

CLAUS SPRECKELS' SON.

He Will Start a Beet Sugar Refinery at Santa Rosa, Cal.

SANTA ROSA, Cal., Oct. 5.—Rudolph Spreckels, son of Claus Spreckels, the sugar magnate, is about to establish a beet sugar refinery here on 216 acres of land just secured. Sugar beets have been grown in this county successfully for years. New buildings are to be erected for the factory, big wells sunk and a large plant will soon be in operation.

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Every household should be prepared for emergencies, for how often, "like a thief in the night" croup or whooping cough may come upon a dear child without warning and in a few hours place its sweet life in balance by a slender thread. Cough Cure promptly used, will avert all danger. Delays are dangerous. Sold by Rowley Bros.

Is Your Hair Dry and Brittle, Falling Out or Turning Gray? These are only indications that the follicles or roots of the hair are getting weakened or diseased. Beggs' Hair Renewer will strengthen and invigorate the follicles and the hair will regain its natural color and become soft, glossy and healthy. Sold by W. R. Kennedy.

Stop That Cough With Beggs' Cherry Cough Syrup. It is the most effective medicine ever put on the market for all throat and lung troubles. Price 25, 50 and 1.00. W. R. Kennedy your enterprising druggist keeps it.

Rock Island Route. St. Louis and return, \$9.50. Tickets on sale September 28 to October 6. Good returning to and including October 8.

Silver Leaf vinegar remains in the front. It is the best table and pickling vinegar. Ask your grocer for it and take no other. It is the cheapest.